

U N	G o a l	17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development
	T a r g e t	17.12 Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access
	I n d i c a t o r	17.12.1 Weighted average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States

I. Global indicator

<Type 2>

Indicator	Weighted average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States
Definition	<p>Average import tariffs faced by products exported from developing countries and least developed countries.</p> <p>Tariffs: Tariffs are customs duties on merchandise imports, levied either on an ad valorem basis (percentage of value) or on a specific basis (e.g. \$7 per 100 kg). Tariffs can be used to create a price advantage for similar locally-produced goods and for raising government revenues. Trade remedy measures and taxes are not considered to be tariffs.</p>

II. Data description

[Data] ① Item-specific effective tariff rate in advanced countries, MFN status, ② item-specific effective tariff rate in advanced countries, special status

Calculation method	Some tariff rates which are not expressed in ad valorem form (e.g., specific duties) need to be converted in ad valorem equivalents (i.e. in per cent of the import value). The conversion is made at the tariff line level for each importer by using the unit value method. Import unit values are calculated from import values and quantities. Only a limited number of non-ad valorem tariff rates (i.e. technical duties) cannot be provided with ad valorem equivalents (AVE) and are excluded from the calculation.
Unit	Percent (%)
Data sources	Tariff data for the calculation of this indicator are retrieved from ITC (MAcMap) - http://www.macmap.org/ - WTO (IDB) - http://tao.wto.org - and UNCTAD (TRAINS) databases.
Calendar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Time series: 2005, 2010, 2015-2018(All data for Korea are included) ■ Data release: Irregular
Organizations	ITC(International Trade Commission), WTO(World Trade Organization), UNCTAD(Union Nations Conference on Trade and Development)
Global indicator link	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Metadata: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-17-12-01.pdf ■ Data: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/