U N	목 표	3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages
	세부목표	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination
	Indicator	3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution

I. Global indicator ⟨Type 2⟩

Indicator	Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution
Definition	Age-standardized mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution per 100,000 population

II. Data description

[Data] Age-standardized mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution per 100,000 population

Calculation method	$$\text{Age-standardized mortality rate} = \frac{\text{Age-standardized deaths attributed to household and ambient air pollution}}{\text{Total population}} \times 100{,}000$$ Deaths associated with household and ambient air pollution were estimated based on the calculation of the population attributable fraction (PAF) assuming independently distributed exposures to air pollution and independent hazards.
Unit	Deaths per 100,000 population
Data sources	Estimated based on data on the proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels*, annual mean levels of fine particulate matter*, risk of exposure to air pollution, and deaths attributed to diseases, etc. * See Indicators 7.1.2, and 11.6.2.
Calendar	▮Time series: 2016(Data for Korea is included) ▮Data release: Irregular
Data compilers	WHO(World Health Organization)
Global indicator link	▮Metadata: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-03-09-01.pdf ▮Data: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS